

Key

Foam Test 1 Review: first study quizzes!

(1) Finish the following truth table. Is the last expression a tautology, contradiction or neither?

P	Q	$\sim Q$	$P \Rightarrow Q$	$P \vee \sim Q$	$(P \Rightarrow Q) \wedge (P \vee \sim Q)$
T	T	F	T	T	T
T	F	T	F	T	F
F	T	F	T	F	F
F	F	T	T	T	T

(2) Suppose that P is false and Q is true. Find whether each of these statements is true (T) or false (F).

$$\bullet \underset{\text{F}}{(P \Rightarrow \underbrace{\sim Q}_{\text{F}})} \Rightarrow \underset{\text{T}}{Q} = \boxed{\text{T}}$$

$$\bullet \underset{\text{F}}{(P \wedge (Q \iff (\sim P)))} \vee \underset{\text{T}}{Q} = \boxed{\text{T}}$$

• Repeat the above problems with the alternate given information that P is false and Q is false.

$$\bullet \underset{\text{F}}{(P \Rightarrow \underbrace{\sim Q}_{\text{T}})} \Rightarrow \underset{\text{F}}{Q} = \boxed{\text{F}}$$

$$\bullet \underset{\text{F}}{(P \wedge (Q \iff (\sim P)))} \vee \underset{\text{F}}{Q} = \boxed{\text{F}}$$

(3) Given the statement of implication " $(x \in S \text{ and } x \leq 5)$ implies that $(x > 2 \text{ or } x = -10)$."

• Find its converse; write it without the word "not" and without the symbol " \sim ."

$$((x > 2) \vee (x = -10)) \Rightarrow ((x \in S) \wedge (x \leq 5))$$

• Find its negation; write it without the word "not" and without the symbol " \sim ."

$$((x \in S) \wedge (x \leq 5)) \wedge (x \leq 2) \wedge (x \neq -10)$$

• Find its contrapositive; write it without the word "not" and without the symbol " \sim ."

$$((x \leq 2) \wedge (x \neq -10)) \Rightarrow ((x \notin S) \vee (x > 5))$$

• Find its inverse; write it without the word "not" and without the symbol " \sim ."

$$((x \notin S) \vee (x > 5)) \Rightarrow ((x \leq 2) \wedge (x \neq -10))$$

• If $S = \{3, 4, 7, 11\}$, is the statement true or false for all $x \in S$?

True

(4) Given the statement: $\forall x \in \mathbb{Z}, (x \text{ even or } x|18) \Rightarrow ((x+1) \text{ is odd and } x^2 > 3)$.

- Find its negation; write it without the symbol " \sim ."

$$\exists x \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ s.t. } (x \text{ even } \vee x|18) \wedge ((x+1 \text{ even}) \vee (x^2 \leq 3)).$$

- Find a counterexample which proves the original statement is false.

$$x = 1$$

(5) Given the statement: $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \exists y \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ s.t. } yx \leq (yx + x)$.

- Find its negation; write it without the symbol " \sim ."

$$\exists x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ s.t. } \forall y \in \mathbb{Z}, yx > (yx + x).$$

(6) Given the statement: If you have a french-apple pie then you have raisins, cherries and a glazed crust.

- Find its contrapositive; write it without the symbol " \sim ."

If you don't have (raisins, cherries and glazed crust),
then you don't have a french apple pie.

- Find its converse; write it without the symbol " \sim ."

If you have raisins, cherries and a glazed crust
then you have french apple pie.

- Rewrite the statement using the words "only if."

You have a french apple pie only if you have raisins, cherries
and a glazed crust.

- Rewrite the statement using the word "necessary."

Having Raisins, cherries and a glazed crust are necessary for having
a french apple pie.

- Rewrite the statement using the word "sufficient."

Having a french apple pie is sufficient
for having raisins, cherries and a glazed crust.

(7) Given universe $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 21, 25\}$; $A = \{7, 9, 10, 21, 25\}$; and $B = \{5, 4, 7, 10, 21\}$. Find the following:

$$\bullet \overline{A \cup B} = \bar{A} \cap \bar{B} = B - A = \boxed{\{5, 4\}}$$

$$\bullet (A - B) \cup (B - A) = \boxed{\{9, 25, 5, 4\}}$$

$$\bullet \overline{(B - A) \cap A} = (B - A) \cup \bar{A} = (B \cap \bar{A}) \cup \bar{A} = \bar{A} = \boxed{\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}}$$

$$\bullet |P(A)| = \boxed{2^5}$$

$$\bullet |P(A \times B) \times A| = 2^{|A \times B|} \cdot |A| = 2^{5 \cdot 5} \cdot 5 = \boxed{5(2^{25})}$$

$$\bullet A \cap \bar{A} = \boxed{\emptyset}$$

$$\bullet U - \bar{B} = \overline{\bar{B}} = B = \boxed{\{5, 4, 7, 10, 21\}}$$

(8) Given $A = \{4, \{5, 7\}, 7, \{7\}, \{\{5\}, 7\}\}$.

$$\bullet \text{Find } |A| = \boxed{5}$$

True or False?

$$\bullet \{\{5\}\} \in A. \quad F$$

$$\bullet \{5\} \in A. \quad F$$

$$\bullet 5 \subseteq A. \quad F$$

$$\bullet 5 \in A. \quad F$$

$$\bullet 7 \in A. \quad T$$

$$\bullet \{5, 7\} \in A. \quad T$$

$$\bullet \{7\} \in A. \quad T$$

$$\bullet \{7\} \subseteq A. \quad T$$

$$\bullet \{\{7\}, 7\} \subseteq A. \quad T$$

$$\bullet \{\} \in A. \quad F$$

$$\bullet \{\} \subseteq A. \quad T$$