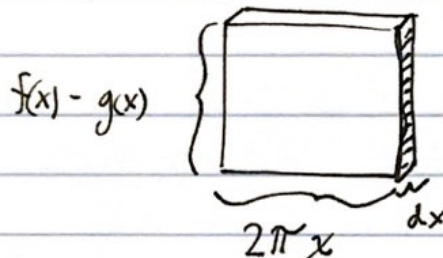
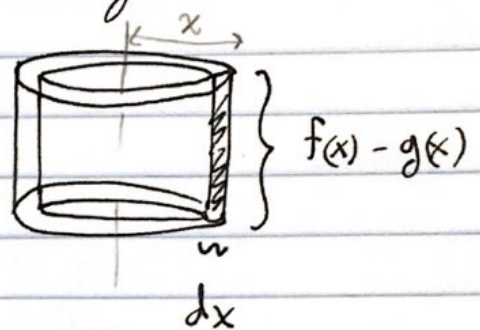
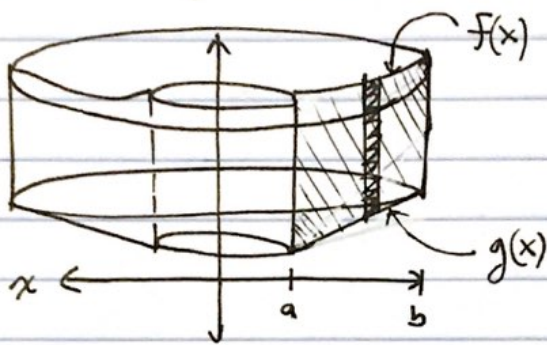
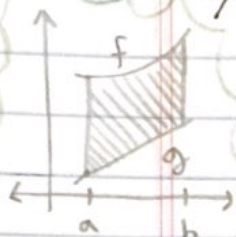


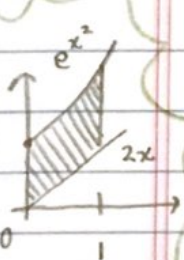
6.2^{cont} + 6.3

Type I region rotated around y -axis.

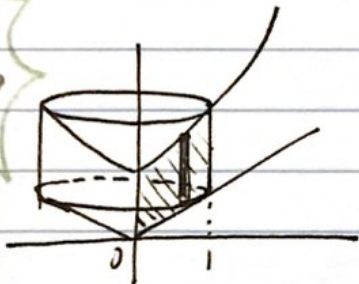


$$dV = 2\pi x (f(x) - g(x)) dx$$

$$V = \int_a^b 2\pi x (f(x) - g(x)) dx.$$



Ex: Find volume of region $\begin{cases} x=0, & x=1 \\ y=2x, & y=e^{x^2} \end{cases}$ rotated around y axis.



$$dV = 2\pi x (e^{x^2} - 2x) dx$$

$$V = \int_0^1 2\pi x (e^{x^2} - 2x) dx$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^1 (xe^{x^2} - 2x^2) dx$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\int_0^1 xe^{x^2} dx - \int_0^1 2x^2 dx \right)$$

$$\begin{cases} u = x^2 \\ du = 2x dx \\ \frac{1}{2} du = x dx \end{cases}$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\int_{x=0}^{x=1} \frac{1}{2} e^u du - \int_0^1 2x^2 dx \right)$$

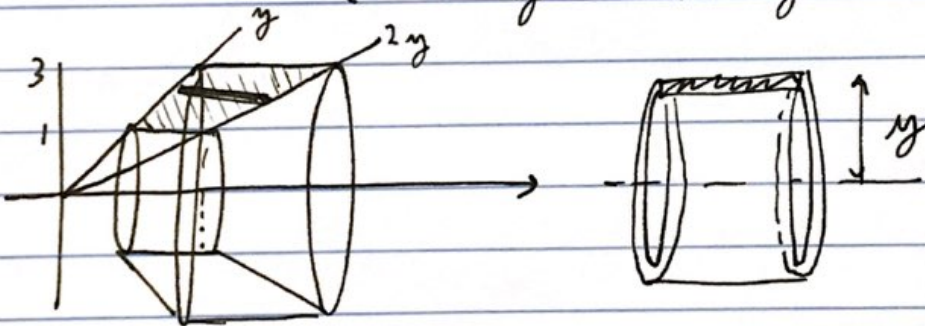
$$= 2\pi \left(\left[\frac{1}{2} e^{x^2} \right]_0^1 - \left[\frac{2x^3}{3} \right]_0^1 \right)$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\frac{e}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3} - 0 \right) = 2\pi \left(e - 1 \right) - \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$= \pi \left(e - \frac{7}{3} \right)$$

Type II region rotated around x-axis

Ex: region $\begin{cases} y=1 & y=3 \\ x=y & x=2y \end{cases}$



$$dV = 2\pi y (f(y) - g(y)) dy$$

$$V = \int_1^3 2\pi y (2y - y) dy$$

$$= 2\pi \int_1^3 y^2 dy = 2\pi \left[\frac{y^3}{3} \right]_1^3$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\frac{27}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \right) = 2\pi \left(\frac{26}{3} \right)$$